

**Amendments to the Claims**

Please amend Claims 1 and 20. The Claim Listing below will replace all prior versions of the claims in the application:

**Claim Listing**

1. (Currently amended) In a computer network, apparatus for mapping data between different working data identifier set domains, the apparatus comprising:
  - a communication module stored on a computer-readable medium for establishing a communication connection between a sender of one working data identifier set domain and a receiver in a different working data identifier set domain;
  - a mapping module stored on a computer-readable medium coupled to the communication module for anonymously mapping working data of the one working data identifier set domain to working data of the different working data identifier set domain, the working data having (i) a research data portion and (ii) an identifier portion related to identifying a person associated with the research data portion, the mapping module mapping the identifier portion of the working data in the one working data identifier set domain to the identifier portion of the working data in the different working data identifier set domain such that the working data transmitted to the receiver is anonymous data, while leaving the research data portion unmapped by the anonymous mapping of the identifier portions; and
  - a secret sharing module stored on a computer-readable medium for performing secret sharing to control keyholder access to the mapping module such that a predetermined number of keyholders greater than one is required to compromise access to the mapping module;
  - the apparatus communicating between parties comprising at least the sender and the receiver in at least two different working data identifier set domains;
  - wherein the communication module is capable of transmitting both the anonymously mapped identifier portion and the unmapped research data portion of the working data to the receiver;

and wherein the mapping module is capable of accessing both the identifier portion and the research data portion of the working data.

2. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the research data portion of the working data includes personal data of individuals.
3. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the communication connection is a secure communication channel formed by the communication module (i) authenticating the sender and receiver, resulting in an authorized sender and authorized receiver, and (ii) encrypting working data transmitted over the channel.
4. (Previously presented) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 3 wherein the mapping module employs encryption in the mapping of the identifier portion of the working data in the one working data identifier set domain to the identifier portion of the working data in the different working data identifier set domain such that the working data transmitted to the authorized receiver is anonymous data.
5. (Canceled)
6. (Canceled)
7. (Previously presented) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 further comprising permanent storage means for storing data in a tamper-proof manner.
8. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 7 wherein the permanent storage means encrypts non-queried parts of the data, said encryption using an encryption key, and the secret sharing module storing the encryption key.

9. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 8 wherein the permanent storage means employs digital signatures on queried parts of the data to detect changes in data and thereby prevent tampering.
10. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 9 wherein each digital signature is formed from a message digest of a concatenation of the encryption key and data.
11. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 9 wherein the permanent storage means maintains a summary measure of stored data.
12. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 11 wherein said summary measure has a respective digital signature.
13. (Previously presented) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the mapping module defines a mapping between any two working data identifier set domains by storing a mapping table having cross references between identifier portions of working data of the two working data identifier set domains.
14. (Previously presented) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 13 wherein the mapping module stores a mapping table for plural working data identifier set domains, the mapping table being formed of (i) an index section and (ii) a working reference section, the index section indicating identifier portion of working data in a first working data identifier set domain and the working reference section indicating corresponding identifier portion in a second working data identifier set domain, the working reference being encrypted, such that the mapping module performs decryption on a part of the mapping table to determine usable cross reference of the working data.
15. (Previously presented) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the mapping module maps working data among plural working data identifier set domains.

16. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the sender and receiver are respectively one of a software implementation and a human being.
17. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 wherein connection of the sender and receiver is in respective different sessions.
18. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the communication module further enables communication connection by a supervisor in addition to the sender and receiver.
19. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 18 wherein the communication connection by the supervisor enables remote operation of the apparatus by the supervisor.
20. (Currently amended) A method for transferring and mapping data between different working data identifier set domains in a computer network, comprising the steps of:
  - using a communication module stored in a computer-readable medium, transmitting working data from a sender in one working data identifier set domain to a receiver in a different working data identifier set domain, the working data having (i) a research data portion and (ii) an identifier portion related to identifying a person associated with the research data portion;
  - using a mapping module stored in a computer-readable medium, anonymously mapping the working data of the one working data identifier set domain to working data of the different working data identifier set domain by mapping between the identifier portion of the working data in the one working data identifier set domain to the identifier portion of the working data in the different working data identifier set domain, the mapping between the identifier portions being performed such that the working data received by the receiver is anonymous data, while leaving the research data portion unmapped by the anonymous mapping of the identifier portions;
  - using a secret-sharing module stored in a computer-readable medium,

controlling keyholder access to the mapping using secret sharing such that a predetermined number of keyholders greater than one is required to compromise access to the mapping module;

wherein transmitting the working data using the communication module comprises transmitting both the anonymously mapped identifier portion and the unmapped research data portion of the working data to the receiver; and

wherein the mapping module is capable of accessing both the identifier portion and the research data portion of the working data.

21. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 20 wherein the step of transmitting includes including personal data of individuals in the research data portion.
22. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 20 further comprising the step of establishing a secure communication connection between the sender and receiver, wherein said secure communication connection includes (i) authentication of the sender and receiver, resulting in an authorized sender and authorized receiver, and (ii) encryption of the transmitted working data.
23. (Previously presented) A method as claimed in Claim 22 wherein the step of mapping the identifier portions includes encrypting such that the working data received by the authorized receiver is anonymous data.
24. (Canceled)
25. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 20 further comprising the step of storing data in a tamper-proof manner in a permanent storage.
26. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 25 wherein the step of storing includes encrypting non-queried parts of the data.

27. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 26 wherein the step of storing further includes assigning a respective digital signature to each queried part of the data to enable detection of changes in the data and thereby prevent tampering.
28. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 27 wherein the step of encrypting employs an encryption key, and  
the step of assigning includes forming a digital signature from a message digest of a concatenation of data and the encryption key.
29. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 27 wherein the step of storing working data includes maintaining a summary measure of stored data.
30. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 29 wherein the step of maintaining a summary measure includes assigning a digital signature to the summary measure.
31. (Previously presented) A method as claimed in Claim 20 wherein the step of mapping includes storing a mapping table having cross references between the identifier portions of the working data of the two working data identifier set domains.
32. (Previously presented) A method as claimed in Claim 31 wherein the step of storing a mapping table includes storing a respective mapping table for each working data identifier set domain, each mapping table being formed of (i) an index section and (ii) a working reference section, the index section indicating identifier portion of working data in a first working data identifier set domain and the working reference section indicating corresponding identifier portion in a second working data identifier set domain, the working reference being encrypted; and  
decrypting a part of the mapping table to determine usable cross reference of the working data.

33. (Previously presented) A method as claimed in Claim 20 wherein the step of mapping includes mapping working data among plural working data identifier set domains.
34. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 20 wherein the sender and receiver are respectively one of a software implementation and a human being.
35. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 20 further comprising the step of establishing a communication connection between the sender and receiver where the sender is connected in one session and the receiver is connected in a different session.
36. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 20 further comprising the step of connecting a supervisor to the computer network.
37. (Original) A method as claimed in Claim 36 further comprising the step of enabling remote control by the supervisor.
38. (Previously presented) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 wherein the identifier portion of the working data includes identifiers from plural working data identifier set domains, the mapping module mapping multiple identifiers between multiple working data identifier set domains for each research portion of the working data.
39. (Original) Apparatus as claimed in Claim 1 further comprising:
  - a secured container;
  - a computer system executing the communication module and the mapping module; and
  - a firewall coupled to the computer system, the computer system and firewall being housed by the secured container so as to provide tamper-proof hardware.
40. (Previously presented) An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the working data is formed of plural records, each record comprising (i) a research data portion and (ii) an

identifier portion related to identifying an individual person associated with the research data portion, the individual person being the same person across each record of the plural records.

41. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 20, wherein the working data is formed of plural records, each record comprising (i) a research data portion and (ii) an identifier portion related to identifying an individual person associated with the research data portion, the individual person being the same person across each record of the plural records.